Use of Electronic/Recording Devices in the Courtroom - Uniform Superior Court Rule 22 [Violators may be removed or excluded from courtroom; willful violation punishable as contempt of court.]

| | General Use (non-recording) | Audio Recording | Video/Image Recording |
|--|--|--|--|
| Attorneys and their Employees | ✓ Silent use allowed ? Audible use may be allowed ◆ Discretion to stop if "disruptive or distracting or is otherwise contrary to the administration of justice" | ✓ Attorneys representing parties in a proceeding After announcing to the court and all parties ◆ Discretion to stop if "disruptive or distracting or is otherwise contrary to the administration of justice" | ? No specific provision (except Rule 22(E) ceremonies), but not prohibited from submitting a Rule 22(F) request to record [see reverse side for procedure] |
| Self- represented Parties | ✓ Silent use allowed "only in direct relation to their proceedings" ? Audible use may be allowed ◆ Discretion to stop if "disruptive or distracting or is otherwise contrary to the administration of justice" | ✓ After announcing to the court and all parties ◆ Discretion to stop if "disruptive or distracting or is otherwise contrary to the administration of justice" | ? No specific provision (except Rule 22(E) ceremonies), but not prohibited from submitting a Rule 22(F) request to record [see reverse side for procedure] |
| Parties, Spectators, and NEWS MEDIA | ? May use devices for non-recording purposes with express permission • Discretion to stop if "disruptive or distracting [or is] otherwise contrary to the administration of justice" X "shall" turn off power in courtroom | ? "only as specifically authorized by the court" [see reverse side for procedure] | ? "only as specifically authorized by the court" [see reverse side for procedure] |
| Jurors | "may use their devices during breaks as authorized by the judge" Discretion to stop "to ensure decorum and avoid distraction" X "shall" turn off power in courtroom and jury room | X "shall not record proceedings" | X "shall not record proceedings" |
| Witnesses | ? May use while testifying only with permission • Discretion to stop "to ensure decorum and avoid distraction" X "shall" turn off power in courtroom | X "shall not record proceedings" | X "shall not record proceedings" |

- ✓ ALLOWED unless disruptive, distracting or otherwise contrary to administration of justice
- ? MAY ALLOW, requires permission
- DISCRETION to limit, deny, or terminate use
- **X** PROHIBITIONS (unless court has discretion and expressly authorizes)
- NO RULE 22 PROVISION TO RECORD (gray shaded boxes)

Procedure for Request to Record in the Courtroom Pursuant to Rule 22

[Violators may be removed or excluded from courtroom; willful violation punishable as contempt of court.]

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| Applicants: | ➤ "shall make application to the judge on the form in Exhibit A" to Rule 22; |
| (i.e. persons, | ➤ "should address any logistical issues that are expected to arise"; and |
| organizations, news | > "must submit the request sufficiently in advance of the proceedingto allow |
| media representatives | the judge to consider it in a timely manner" ("at least 24 hours where |
| desiring to record) | practicable under the circumstances") |
| Required notice and | ➤ Court will notify parties of request to record |
| hearing: | ➤ Parties shall notify their witnesses |
| | Prosecutor shall notify alleged victims |
| | ➤ Hearing on the record required if (1) the judge intends to deny the request |
| | or any portion thereof, or (2) a party, witness, or alleged victim objects |
| Objections waived if: | a "properly notified party, witness, or alleged victimdoes not objectin |
| | writing or on the record before or at the start of the proceeding." |
| Findings on the record | • "substantial likelihood of harm arising from one or more of the [Rule 22(G)(1)] |
| required to DENY or | factors" ¹ ; |
| LIMIT recording: | • "harm outweighs the benefit of recording to the public"; and |
| | • "judge has considered more narrow restrictions on recording than a complete |
| | denial of the request" |
| Limits: | • "judge should preserve the dignity of the proceeding by designating" manner of |
| (after specific findings | recording to avoid disruption |
| based on Rule | • "judge may require pooling of recording devices if appropriate" |
| 22(G)(1) factors, "a | • "judge mayorder that [1] no recording may be made of a particular criminal |
| judge mayimpose | defendant, civil party, witness, alleged victim, law enforcement officer, or other |
| the least restrictive | person, or [2] that such person's identity must be effectively obscured in any |
| possible limitations") | image or video recording, or [3] that only an audio recording may be made of |
| possiere imitations) | such person" |
| Prohibited to record: | X While judge is outside the courtroom (except ceremonial proceedings per Rule |
| Tromotted to record. | 22(E)) |
| | X Jurors or prospective jurors (except the foreperson's announcement of the |
| | verdict or questions to the judge may be audio recorded) |
| | X Privileged or confidential attorney/client communication |
| | X Bench conferences (except by the court reporter or with prior permission) |
| | Bench conferences (except by the court reporter or with prior permission) |

- > PROCEDURE to request permission to record in courtroom
- DISCRETION to limit, deny, or terminate recording in courtroom
- **X** PROHIBITIONS (exceptions noted in parentheses)

¹ **Rule 22 (G)(1) factors:** [substantially tracks the language of O.C.G.A. § 15-1-10.1 (b)(1)-(9)]

- (a) The nature of the particular proceeding at issue;
- (b) The consent or objection of the parties, witnesses, or alleged victims whose testimony will be presented in the proceedings;
- (c) Whether the proposed recording will promote increased public access to the courts and openness of judicial proceedings;
- (d) The impact upon the integrity and dignity of the court;
- (e) The impact upon the administration of the court;
- (f) The impact upon due process and the truth finding function of the judicial proceeding;
- (g) Whether the proposed recording would contribute to the enhancement of or detract from the ends of justice;
- (h) Any special circumstances of the parties, witnesses, alleged victims, or other participants such as the need to protect children or factors involving the safety of participants in the judicial proceeding; and
- (i) Any other factors affecting the administration of justice or which the court may determine to be important under the circumstances of the case.